A day after adopting res. 893 on Rwanda, Mr Claude Dusaidi, representing the RPF, requested a consultation with the UNSC President, in connection with recent developments in that country.

He informed that according to the plan for forming national institutions adopted on 10 Dec 1993 in Kinihara, the provisional government was to be established by 29 Dec 1993. In accordance with the agreements, a unit of RPF soldiers moved to Kigali on 28 Dec 1993. However, the government was not formed, due to the opposition of the President who according to the RPF representative is trying to compromise the implementation of the agreements.

The president backed down under the pressure of the main political forces and took the oath of office on 5 Jan 1994. He still, however, refuses to accept the oath of office from future members of the provisional government. Instead, he developed his own list of candidates for ministerial posts, completely in opposition to the views of the political parties which are members of the broad governmental coalition. In protest, the RPF withdrew its force from Kigali. In the view of the RPF representative, the implementation of the Arusha agreements is seriously jeopardized.

According to Dusaidi, the only force that can get the parties to co-operate, is the UN. In this context he welcomed res. 893 as a balanced document. He expressed satisfaction that UNAMIR's second unit would help calm the situation in the NW of the country, in the demilitarized zone.

In conclusion he repeatedly promised RPF cooperation with UNAMIR units and with the SRSG in Rwanda, Roger Booh-Booh.